

Eurographics Symposium on Rendering 2018

Experimental Ideas & Implementations

Karlsruhe, Germany

1 – 4 July 2018

Organized by



EUROGRAPHICS
THE EUROPEAN ASSOCIATION
FOR COMPUTER GRAPHICS



Karlsruher Institut für Technologie

Program Co-Chairs

Wenzel Jakob
Toshiya Hachisuka

Conference Chair

Carsten Dachsbacher

Proceedings Production Editor

Dieter Fellner (TU Darmstadt & Fraunhofer IGD, Germany)

Sponsored by EUROGRAPHICS Association

This work is subject to copyright.

All rights reserved, whether the whole or part of the material is concerned, specifically those of translation, reprinting, re-use of illustrations, broadcasting, reproduction by photocopying machines or similar means, and storage in data banks.

Copyright ©2018 by the Eurographics Association
Postfach 2926, 38629 Goslar, Germany

Published by the Eurographics Association
–Postfach 2926, 38629 Goslar, Germany–
in cooperation with
Institute of Computer Graphics & Knowledge Visualization at Graz University of Technology
and
Fraunhofer IGD (Fraunhofer Institute for Computer Graphics Research), Darmstadt

ISBN 978-3-03868-068-0
ISSN 1727-3463

The electronic version of the proceedings is available from the Eurographics Digital Library at
<https://diglib.eg.org>

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	iii
International Programme Committee	iv
Author Index	v
Keynotes	vi

Acquisition

Diffuse-Specular Separation using Binary Spherical Gradient Illumination	1
<i>Christos Kampouris, Stefanos Zafeiriou, and Abhijeet Ghosh</i>	

Approximate svBRDF Estimation From Mobile Phone Video	11
<i>Rachel A. Albert, Dorian Yao Chan, Dan B. Goldman, and James F. O'Brien</i>	

Rendering Techniques I

Matrix Bidirectional Path Tracing	23
<i>Chakravarty Reddy Alla Chaitanya, Laurent Belcour, Toshiya Hachisuka, Simon Premoze, Jacopo Pantaleoni, and Derek Nowrouzezahrai</i>	

P_N -Method for Multiple Scattering in Participating Media	33
<i>David Koerner, Jamie Portsmouth, and Wenzel Jakob</i>	

A Unified Manifold Framework for Efficient BRDF Sampling based on Parametric Mixture Models	41
<i>Sebastian Herholz, Oskar Elek, Jens Schindel, Jaroslav Křivánek, and Hendrik P. A. Lensch</i>	

Image-based Techniques

Deep Hybrid Real and Synthetic Training for Intrinsic Decomposition	53
<i>Sai Bi, Nima Khademi Kalantari, and Ravi Ramamoorthi</i>	

Rendering Techniques II

An Improved Multiple Importance Sampling Heuristic for Density Estimates in Light Transport Simulations ..	65
<i>Johannes Jendersie and Thorsten Grosch</i>	

Primary Sample Space Path Guiding	73
<i>Jerry Jinfeng Guo, Pablo Bauszat, Jacco Bikker, and Elmar Eisemann</i>	

Real-time Rendering

Scalable Real-Time Shadows using Clustering and Metric Trees	83
<i>François Deves, Frédéric Mora, Lilian Aveneau, and Djamchid Ghazanfarpour</i>	

Soft Transparency for Point Cloud Rendering	95
<i>Patrick Seemann, Gianpaolo Palma, Matteo Dellepiane, Paolo Cignoni, and Michael Goesele</i>	

Screen-space Methods

Screen Space Approximate Gaussian Hulls	107
<i>Julian Meder and Beat Brüderlin</i>	

International Programme Committee

Miika Aittala (MIT)
Pascal Barla (Inria)
Pablo Bauszat (TU Delft)
Tamy Boubekeur (Telecom ParisTech)
Per Christensen (Pixar)
Chun-Fa Chung (National Taiwan Normal University)
George Drettakis (INRIA)
Jonathan Dupuy (Unity)
Philip Dutre (KU Leuven)
Elena Garces (Technicolor)
Iliyan Georgiev (Solid Angle)
Xavier Granier (Institut d'Optique)
Gael Guennebaud (Inria)
Eric Heitz (Unity)
Hendrik Lensch (Tübingen University)
Steve Marschner (Cornell)
Belen Masia (University of Zaragoza)
Bochang Moon (GIST)
Adolfo Munoz (University of Zaragoza)
Diego Nehab (IMPA)
Jan Novak (Disney Research)
Derek Nowouzezahrai (McGill)
Marta Ortín Obón (University of Zaragoza)
Mathias Paulin (Université Toulouse)
Pieter Peers (College of William & Mary)
Voicu Popescu (Purdue University)
Fabrice Rousselle (Disney Research)
Holly Rushmeier (Yale University)
Pradeep Sen (UC Santa Barbara)
Philipp Slusallek (Saarland University)
Xin Sun (Adobe Research)
Min Tang (Zhejiang University)
Xin Tong (Microsoft Research Asia)
Rui Wang (U Amherst)
Li-Yi Wei (Univ. of Hong Kong)
Tim Weyrich (University College London)
Alexander Wilkie (Charles University)
Michael Wimmer (TU Wien)
Hongzhi Wu (Zhejiang University)
Lei Yang (Nvidia)
Cem Yuksel (Utah)
Shuang Zhao (UC Irvine)

Author Index

Albert, Rachel A.	11	Herholz, Sebastian	41
Aveneau, Lilian	83	Jakob, Wenzel	33
Bauszat, Pablo	73	Jendersie, Johannes	65
Belcour, Laurent	23	Kalantari, Nima Khademi	53
Bi, Sai	53	Kampouris, Christos	1
Bikker, Jacco	73	Koerner, David	33
Brüderlin, Beat	107	Křivánek, Jaroslav	41
Chaitanya, Chakravarty Reddy Alla	23	Lensch, Hendrik P. A.	41
Chan, Dorian Yao	11	Meder, Julian	107
Cignoni, Paolo	95	Mora, Frédéric	83
Dellepiane, Matteo	95	Nowrouzezahrai, Derek	23
Deves, François	83	O'Brien, James F.	11
Eisemann, Elmar	73	Palma, Gianpaolo	95
Elek, Oskar	41	Pantaleoni, Jacopo	23
Ghazanfarpour, Djamchid	83	Portsmouth, Jamie	33
Ghosh, Abhijeet	1	Premoze, Simon	23
Goesele, Michael	95	Ramamoorthi, Ravi	53
Goldman, Dan B.	11	Schindel, Jens	41
Grosch, Thorsten	65	Seemann, Patrick	95
Guo, Jerry Jinfeng	73	Zafeiriou, Stefanos	1
Hachisuka, Toshiya	23		

Keynote

Gambling in the Depths of High-Dimensional Spaces

Michael Betancourt

Abstract

Integration is a ubiquitous mathematical tool, and modern applications require integration across increasingly higher dimensional spaces. Unfortunately most of the intuitions that we take for granted in our low-dimensional, routine experiences don't persist to these high-dimensional spaces which makes the development of scalable computational methodologies and algorithms all the more challenging. In this talk I will discuss the counterintuitive behavior of high-dimensional spaces and the consequences for statistical computation, in particular the unique advantages of Hamiltonian Monte Carlo.

Short Biography

Michael Betancourt is the principal research scientist with Symplectomorphic, LLC where he develops theoretical and methodological tools to support practical Bayesian inference. He is also a core developer of Stan, where he implements and tests these tools. In addition to hosting tutorials and workshops on Bayesian inference with Stan he also collaborates on analyses in epidemiology, pharmacology, and physics, amongst others. Before moving into statistics, Michael earned a B.S. from the California Institute of Technology and a Ph.D. from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, both in physics.

Keynote

Interactive and Off-Line Path Tracing with RenderMan

Per Christensen

Abstract

RenderMan is a modern extensible and programmable path tracer with many features essential to handling the fiercely complex scenes in movie production. RenderMan has traditionally been focused on off-line rendering of high-quality final movie frames, but has recently been overhauled, targeting interactive rendering during modeling, texturing, lay-out, animation, and lighting. Path tracing has gone from being a pure research technique to now being the main rendering technique in many production renderers. In this talk Per Christensen will describe the use of path tracing for animated movies and visual effects, and will also describe advanced path tracing techniques such as bidirectional path tracing, progressive photon mapping, and vertex connection and merging (VCM). He will also touch upon current rendering projects at Pixar such as mixed CPU and GPU rendering and high-dimensional sample sequences specifically targeted at path tracing.

Short Biography

Per Christensen is a principal software developer in Pixar's RenderMan group in Seattle. His main research interests are efficient ray tracing and global illumination in very complex scenes. He received an M.Sc. degree in electrical engineering from the Technical University of Denmark and a Ph.D. in computer science from the University of Washington. Prior to joining Pixar, he worked at ILM in San Rafael, Mental Images in Berlin, and Square USA in Honolulu. He has movie credits in Pixar movies since "Finding Nemo", and has received an Academy Award for his contributions to efficient point-based global illumination and ambient occlusion.