

Introduction

➤ Goal

To generate a realistic facial image from a single cartoon character image.

➤ Key Idea

- ✓ an algorithm for synthesizing a novel face image without the warping process.
- ✓ a searching algorithm, which search each optimal patch from the database based on gradient distribution.

Result

Patch size : 8×8 [Pixel], Database : 42 photographs



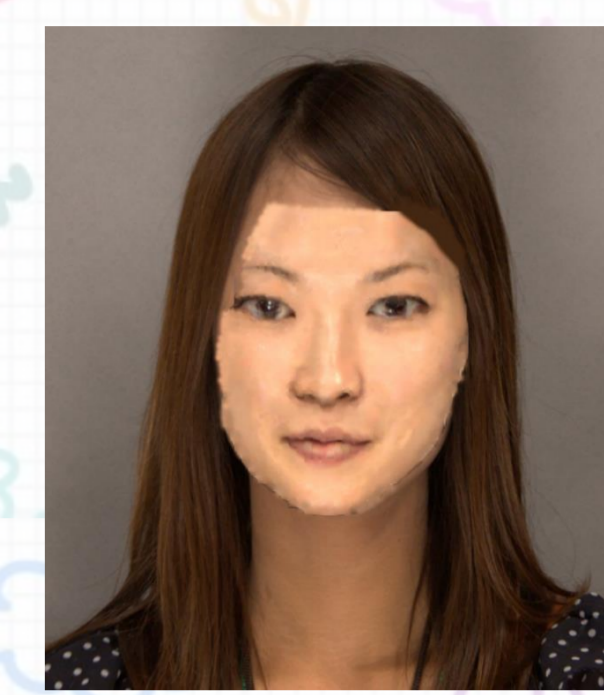
Input



Our Result



Mohammed et al.[2009]



Input

Output

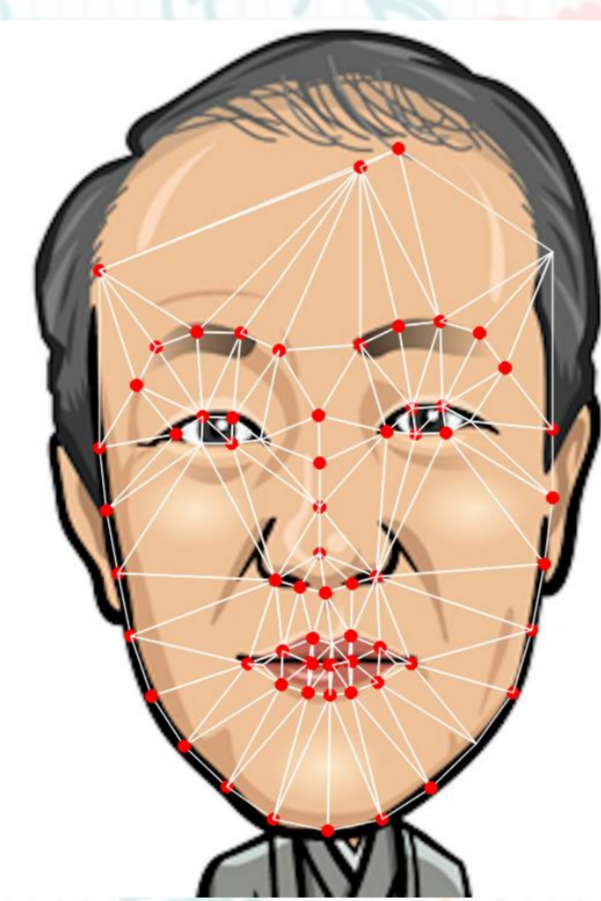
Proposed System

Overview of our system

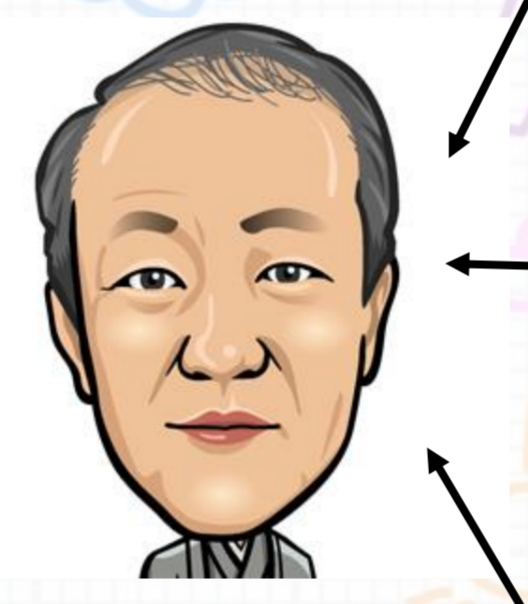
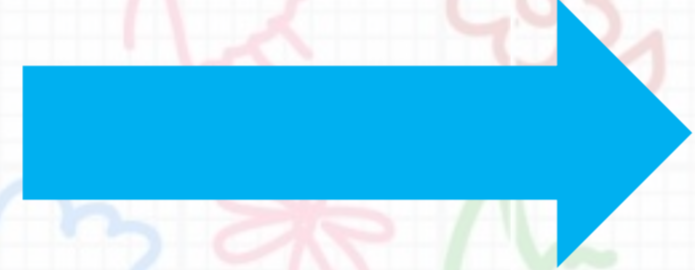


Input

Making mesh model

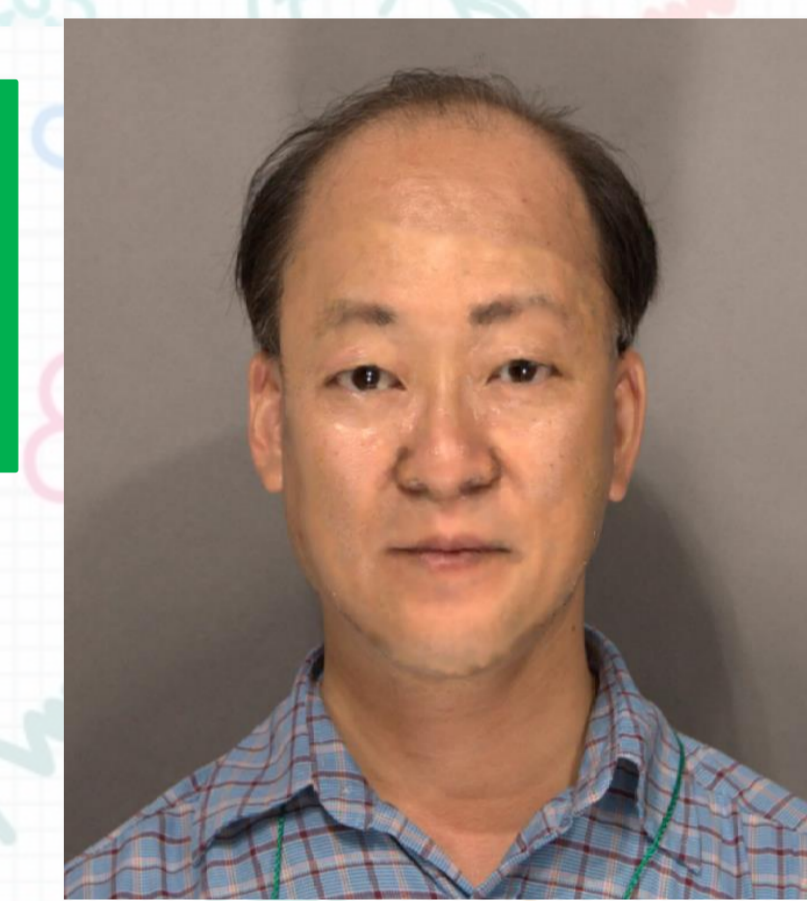
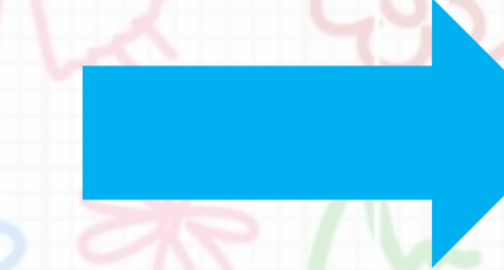


Position correspondence



DB

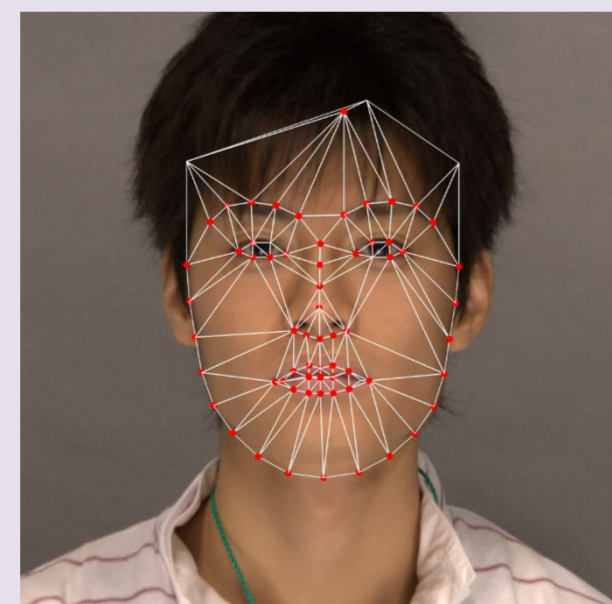
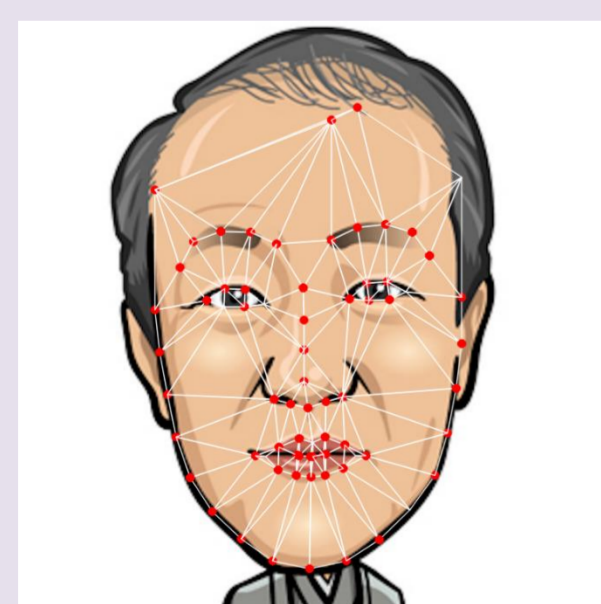
Texture Synthesis



Output

Making mesh model

- I. Detection of input facial feature points
Ex) eyes, mouth, face edge, etc...
- II. Divide the input using the Delaunay triangulation based on facial feature points
- III. Divide the database images which is same of input mesh (step II).



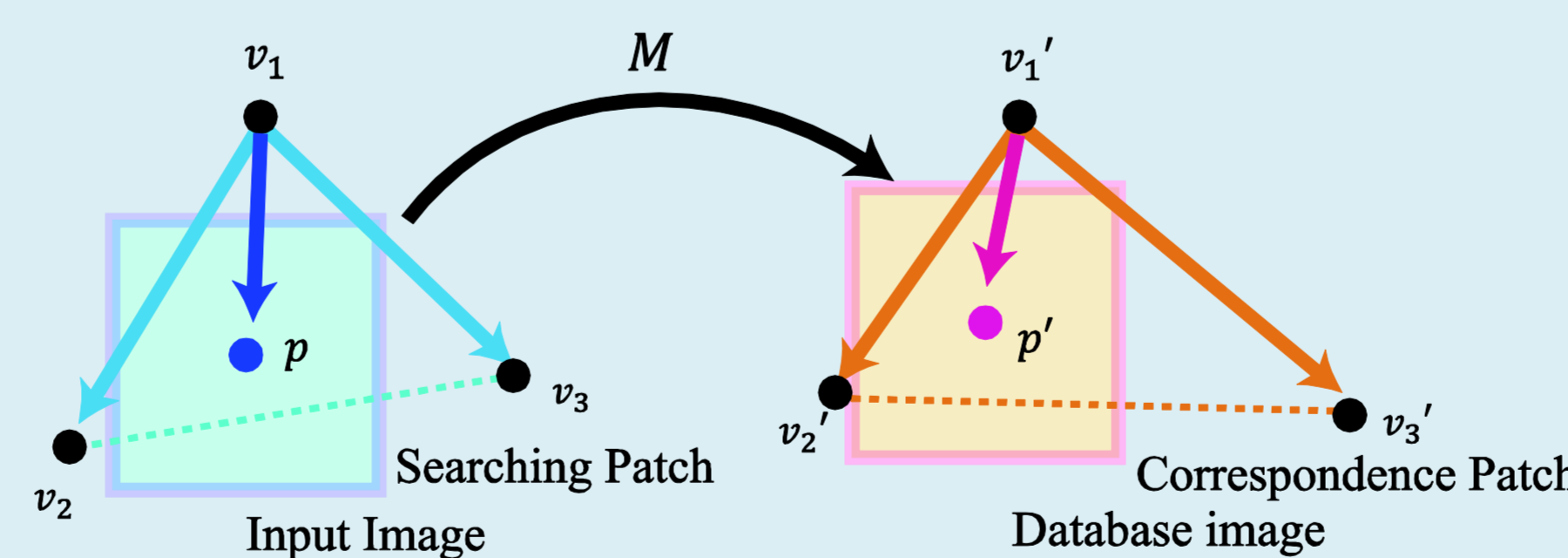
Position correspondence

- ◆ Calculate correspondence points between an input and database using transformation matrix M .

$$\vec{v}_{p'} = V' \cdot \vec{M} + \vec{v}_1$$

$$s. t. \vec{M} = V^{-1} \cdot (\vec{v}_p + \vec{v}_1)$$

$$V = \{\vec{v}_2 - \vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_3 - \vec{v}_1\} \quad V' = \{\vec{v}'_2 - \vec{v}'_1, \vec{v}'_3 - \vec{v}'_1\}$$



Texture Synthesis

- ◆ Searching an optimal patch based on gradient distribution.
- match average luminance values between input and database patches.

$$\arg \min_{i \in \{1 \dots N\}} \sum_{(x,y) \in \text{patch}} \|L_P(p) - L_{DB_i}(p')\|^2$$

L_P : luminance value of input patch

L_{DB} : luminance value of database patch

i : the number of database

N : total number of database

Application

- ◆ Our result is applicable for generating 3D facial character model.



Conclusion & Future work

- Conclusion
 - we propose a method of creating a novel facial image which is preserved original image.
- Future Work
 - to extend our techniques to the hair region.